WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2016 REGULAR SESSION

Introduced

House Bill 2454

2015 Carryover

(By Delegates Ferro, Pethtel, Fluharty, Storch, and Trecost)

[Introduced January 28, 2015; referred to the Committee on Health and Human Resources then the Judiciary.]

H.B. 2454 2015R1050

A BILL to amend and reenact §55-7B-2 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating
to adding pharmacist and pharmacy to the definition of "health care provider" as used in
the Medical Professional Liability Act.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §55-7B-2 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 7B. MEDICAL PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY.

§55-7B-2. Definitions.

- (a) "Board" means the state Board of Risk and Insurance Management.
- (b) "Collateral source" means a source of benefits or advantages for economic loss that the claimant has received from:
- (1) Any federal or state act, public program or insurance which provides payments for medical expenses, disability benefits, including workers' compensation benefits, or other similar benefits. Benefits payable under the Social Security Act are not considered payments from collateral sources except for Social Security disability benefits directly attributable to the medical injury in question;
- (2) Any contract or agreement of any group, organization, partnership or corporation to provide, pay for or reimburse the cost of medical, hospital, dental, nursing, rehabilitation, therapy or other health care services or provide similar benefits;
- (3) Any group accident, sickness or income disability insurance, any casualty or property insurance (including automobile and homeowners' insurance) which provides medical benefits, income replacement or disability coverage, or any other similar insurance benefits, except life insurance, to the extent that someone other than the insured, including the insured's employer, has paid all or part of the premium or made an economic contribution on behalf of the plaintiff; or

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(4) Any contractual or voluntary wage continuation plan provided by an employer or otherwise or any other system intended to provide wages during a period of disability.

- (c) "Consumer price index" means the most recent consumer price index for all consumers published by the United States Department of Labor.
- (d) "Emergency condition" means any acute traumatic injury or acute medical condition which, according to standardized criteria for triage, involves a significant risk of death or the precipitation of significant complications or disabilities, impairment of bodily functions, or, with respect to a pregnant woman, a significant risk to the health of the unborn child.
- (e) "Health care" means any act or treatment performed or furnished, or which should have been performed or furnished, by any health care provider for, to or on behalf of a patient during the patient's medical care, treatment or confinement.
- (f) "Health care facility" means any clinic, hospital, nursing home or assisted living facility, including personal care home, residential care community and residential board and care home, or behavioral health care facility or comprehensive community mental health/mental retardation center, in and licensed by the State of West Virginia and any state-operated institution or clinic providing health care.
- (g) "Health care provider" means a person, partnership, corporation, professional limited liability company, health care facility or institution licensed by, or certified in, this state or another state, to provide health care or professional health care services, including, but not limited to, a physician, osteopathic physician, hospital, <u>pharmacist</u>, <u>pharmacy</u>, dentist, registered or licensed practical nurse, optometrist, podiatrist, chiropractor, physical therapist, psychologist, emergency medical services authority or agency, or an officer, employee or agent thereof acting in the course and scope of <u>such that</u> officer's, employee's or agent's employment.
 - (h) "Medical injury" means injury or death to a patient arising or resulting from the

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rendering of or failure to render health care.

(i) "Medical professional liability" means any liability for damages resulting from the death or injury of a person for any tort or breach of contract based on health care services rendered, or which should have been rendered, by a health care provider or health care facility to a patient.

- (j) "Medical professional liability insurance" means a contract of insurance or any actuarially sound self-funding program that pays for the legal liability of a health care facility or health care provider arising from a claim of medical professional liability. In order to qualify as medical professional liability insurance for purposes of this article, a self-funding program for an individual physician must meet the requirements and minimum standards set forth in section twelve of this article.
- (k) "Noneconomic loss" means losses, including, but not limited to, pain, suffering, mental anguish and grief.
- (I) "Patient" means a natural person who receives or should have received health care from a licensed health care provider under a contract, expressed or implied.
- (m) "Plaintiff" means a patient or representative of a patient who brings an action for medical professional liability under this article.
- (n) "Representative" means the spouse, parent, guardian, trustee, attorney or other legal agent of another.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to include pharmacists and pharmacies in the definition of health care provider related to the Medical Professional Liability Act.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from the present law, and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.